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EDITOR'S NOTE:

Have you noticed? We also publish articles made by other students! This month, discover London thanks to two 2nde students! You'll also notice we've focused most of our research on women's rights this month due to the International women's rights day on the 8th of March. We hope that you'll enjoy our research!
IDEA OF PROGRESS
Harvey Weinstein: raising awareness on sexual harassment and gender inequalities!

PLACES AND FORMS OF POWER
Slavery today?

SPACES AND EXCHANGES
London, the Square Mile

MYTHS AND HEROES
Nelson Mandela

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FUN PAGE
Play with women's rights!
Harvey Weinstein is a famous director and is also the founder of Miramax and Weinstein COMPN.

Accused of harassing more than seventy women, actresses, models or assistants:
He apologizes, saying:
« I realize that the way I have behaved with colleagues in the past has caused a lot of pain, and I sincerely apologize. My path will now be to get to know me and master my demons. (...) I plan to take a leave of absence from my company and deal with this issue as a matter of priority. I grew up in the years 60 and 70, when all the rules on behaviour and workplaces were different. »

The controversy of this history has become global, a movement has triggered in some countries following this case women or even men or begin to talk about sexual harassment and psychological bullying or even inequality. As for example in France the hashtag "Scales your pork", the Anglo-Saxon have taken over this hashtag "Squealonyourpig". Women and men denounce their own aggression, harassment or rape. On the social networks, this hashtag took a considerable magnitude. Some men support and help women who have been abused, raped, harassed, or even disrespected in the streets or public places, which at the moment does not even shock public opinion. Not to forget that men, even if the are less concerned, can also be victims of such prejudice.

This movement is in great progress for all the men and women who have been victims of this kind of aggression, say orally this kind of thing is not an easy thing to do, even impossible because of shame, fear, but also success to cope with the person who hurt them.

But you, after reading this article would you be able to squeal on your pig?

It lead us to wonder how long it would take to eradicate gender inequalities. Here are some facts we've discovered:

FUN FACT:
In France, women have been legally allowed to wear trousers since 2013!!

FACT: In the USA, women are still less paid than men, despite the Equal Pay Act which was passed in 1963.
Cap 2117. According to the World Economic Forum's report on gender inequality in 144 countries, it will take another hundred years to overcome inequalities.

As a conclusion, we can now be proud of the following improvements.

Men are more in tune with women and support them more in their fight against gender inequalities. The government is more attentive to women. Girls now support each other. It helps women in silence to talk about these inequalities or even to denounce men who have attacked them.

However, we can notice that equality is far from being achieved, anywhere in the world.

FACT: Women have very few rights in terms of finances. Nor can they fully benefit from personal property or land such as in Iran.

FACT: Girls have only a limited inheritance right, for example in Mali.

FACT: There are laws that are restrictive on the hiring of women, as for example in Pakistan.

FACT: Women are often less educated than men, for example in Chad.

POSITIVE FACT: The Icelandic government tabled a bill in parliament that will require companies and public services to prove that they pay equal wages to their employees regardless of gender, making Iceland the first country in the world to take such a measure.

POSITIVE FACT: An event has not gone unnoticed by human rights defenders: in 2018, Saudi Arabia will join the "Commission on the Status of Women of the United Nations". But also this year, they got the right to drive for the first time.

FACT: In almost every country in the world, even in France, there has rarely been a woman in power. The few exceptions are: Margaret Thatcher in the UK, Benazir Bhutto in Pakistan and Dilma Vana Rousseff in Brazil. Several female politicians have marked history, old and recent, but they are currently only 16 elected at the head of one of the 193 countries officially recognized by the UN.
Slavery Today?

Do you think that slavery can come back today? That's the question I asked myself, I did some research on it, and I found the answers to my questions. But, then, I wondered if other people were aware of this, that's why I created a survey for people to answer my questions. So I'm going to give you the answers that were provided to me.

* without notice = no answer, (editor's note)

Examples about what is happening right now for these people:
- "Shameful, dramatic, inadmissible."
- "It is horrible and intolerable to see this in 2018."

Examples about if slavery can spread in several countries, since it's already back in certain country:
- "In the richest countries"
- "In poor countries"
- "Child slavery in the world"
- "Anywhere in the world"
- "In France, a rich family exploiting an African (recent news item)"
- "In Africa"
"In big companies like Apple, people are poorly paid and exploited"

Examples about if Europe can do something, that is to say can face this old way of treating men as they were previously:
- "Europe can not solve the problems of countries that do not belong to the European Union but I hope that slavery will not reappear in our country or other countries of the European Union because the men who do that are "big cowards" and we should do the same to them and here I think they will understand that slaves are not objects but human beings who have the same rights and the same duties as they do »
- "There are many types of slavery. Some practices today are not yet recognized as part of it. Europe should review what is considered slavery."
- "Revalorize human rights and sign a charter that protects the weakest."
- "Europe can continue to live its values and ensure that other types of slavery do not see the day on its soil (social inequalities...)"
- "Yes and no, yes because we could make it happen as in Europe for everyone, and no, because, in Europe, we can not say that the citizens are slaves of the system and prejudices. In addition, I think that each country should focus on its own problems before taking care of those of others."

Valentine

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**The information part:**

On November 14, 2017, the channel CCN reports that Libya has put the sale of black migrants back on the market. Even if we are at the beginning of the 21st century, African migrants are thrown on the roads of exile by misery, war or political oppression, it seems that we are back to the time when their ancestors were subjected to the trans-Saharan slave trade. This is happening from Sinai to the Libyan desert, it is indeed a crime against humanity that has been going on for several years. Human beings are beaten sometimes to death, ransomed, raped, kidnapped, starved and enslaved.

After reading that, knowing that people are slaves to others, I'm horrified of live in the 21st century.
London, capital of England, is situated on the Thames. It's a very touristic, popular and famous city.

Famous mainly because of its monuments: Buckingham Palace (I don't have to tell you what it is), the Tower Bridge, St Paul's Cathedral (designed by Christopher Wren), Big Ben, House of Commons, the Westminster Abbey (where kings and queens are crowned) or the Tower of London.

The Tower of London is known because it's where the Crown Jewels are kept. But it's also famous for a legend. A legend which says that, if ravens leave the Tower of London, monarchy will fall.

There were also real dark events which took place in London, like the great fire in 1666 or the murders by Jack the Ripper in the XIX century.

Anyway, it is no accident if London charms tourists: it is a city where new technologies and modernity mix with traditions: the Tube is the oldest underground in the world but there are two airports, Heathrow and Gatwick, too.

So, London is a very important capital and city with its geography and especially with its history and I hope you (will) like it.

Enjoy!

Duval S.
Lagrange N.
Nelson Mandela: our hero!

Nelson Mandela was born in 1918 and died in 2013. He fought against the Apartheid which was the racial segregation led by white people in South Africa. In 1943, he became a member of the National Congress where he fought against racial discriminations and the oppression from the white minority. In 1961, he joined a sabotage campaign against military installations. He was arrested in 1962. He stayed for 27 years on the Robben's island, as a prisoner. He was freed in February 1990. In 1994, he became the first black President of South Africa.

Rainbow Nation.

The Rainbow Nation is a term coined by Desmond Tutu, to describe post-Apartheid South Africa. The phrase was elaborated by Nelson Mandela when he proclaimed: «Each of us is as intimately attached to the soil of this beautiful country as are the famous jacaranda trees of Pretoria and the mimosa trees of the bushveld – a rainbow nation at peace with itself and the world» It means that South Africa has people of many different colors and origins. The rainbow is also in the country's flag because there is six different colors in it too!

Why is he a hero to us?

Nelson Mandela is a hero to us because he fought inequalities between black and white people during his whole life. He is also a hero because he dared to talk about something taboo and he sacrificed his freedom for his fight. He was selfless, determined, brave which are the main qualities of a hero. He is an example to follow.
Local news

The 1L and the drama option students saw 2 plays named *Cooking with Elvis* on the 8th of February and *Peer Gynt* on the 22nd of February, people think that the first play was weird and embarrassing, especially the nudity. As for the second one, people found it complicated to understand...

The 1L LVA performed “*Into the woods*” in the library on the 12th of February at 1:30pm, the students created their own scenario with Mr.Delahaye.

On the 15th, the CREAN from Vire came to the high school to present young people's mobility in Europe, they introduced various packages to go abroad during or after the studies.

An intervention about equality between men and women took place on the 25th of January. We are glad this was happening as we are fighting against gender stereotypes!

The Terminales went for the Bac Blanc from the 19th to the 23rd of February, just before the holidays, that can be a challenge for students!

As you can see a lot has been going on in Charles Tellier High School lately!

Wanhedazgeda.
PLAY WITH WOMEN'S RIGHTS

Play with words:
Find the following words in the grid below:

- female
- feminity
- girlpower
- strong
- independence
- womenrights
- rose
- equality
- gender
- liberty
- free
- fight
- law
- harassment
- sexuality
- day
- march

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W  G  L  H  R  A  D  A  Y  F  I
O  F  I  A  Z  H  A  S  T  I  N
M  E  B  R  G  R  C  C  I  G  D
E  M  E  A  L  W  Q  R  L  H  E
N  I  R  S  K  P  L  Y  A  T  P
R  N  T  S  P  R  O  C  U  M  E
I  I  Y  M  M  T  J  W  Q  B  N
G  T  I  E  G  E  N  D  E  R  D
H  Y  I  N  J  F  R  E  E  R  A
T  C  Q  N  I  M  L  A  Z  U  N
S  T  R  O  N  G  O  Y  H  W  C
S  E  X  U  A  L  I  T  Y  A  E
R  O  S  E  W  F  E  M  A  L  D
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Encoded Messages:
Are you able to decipher those coded messages to celebrate International Women's Day?

A/ The vowels are to be found and here is a hint for the consonants:

G=M S=T R=L
P=H F=S N=F M=R

B/ The vowels are to be found and here is a hint for the consonants:

Z=N L=T R=W K=D M=C

THE FUTURE IS FEMALE